Homework #3 (10pts total)

- 1. Why does Aristotle think place cannot be either the form or the matter associated with an object?
- 2. According to Aristotle, what are the two ways in which a time interval or a line segment can be infinite?
- 3. What does it mean to say that the place of a thing is the "innermost motionless boundary" of what contains it?
- 4. According to Aristotle, why is the world (i.e., the universe) spherical and not eggshaped?