Assignment #8: KS and Measurement. Due Weds 4/6.

- 1. (3pt.) Suppose *A* is an operator that represents a property and that has eigenvectors $|a_1\rangle$, $|a_2\rangle$, ..., $|a_N\rangle$.
 - (a) What property does the projection operator $P_{|a_{25}\rangle}$ represent?
 - (b) What values does this property have?
 - (c) What can we say about a physical system that possesses these values of the property represented by $P_{|a_{25}}$?
- 2. (3pt.) The *Kochen-Specker Theorem* says, if we assume the values of properties obey some simple functional constraints, then the properties of a quantum system with 3 or more degrees of freedom cannot all have values at the same time. Why is this an obstacle for *Hidden Variables* interpretations of quantum mechanics? Why is this *not* an obstacle for a *literal* interpretation of superpositions?
- 3. (4pt.) What is the Measurement Problem? Why is it a problem for a literal interpretation of quantum mechanics? In what sense does a non-literal interpretation avoid it?