Assignment #7-key 1. (a) ∀**xFx** ∴ **Fm**  $\forall \textbf{x} \textbf{F} \textbf{x}$  $\neg Fm$ Fm  $\forall$ -instantiation \* (b)  $\forall x \neg Lxm \therefore \neg Lnm$ ¬∃xLxm ∴ ¬Lnm or  $\forall x \neg Lxm$ ¬∃xLxm ✓  $\neg \neg Lnm$  $\neg \neg Lnm$  $\neg$ Lnm  $\forall$ -instantiation  $\forall x \neg Lxm$  $\neg \exists$  rule ∀-instantiation −Lnm \* \* (c)  $\forall x(Gx \supset \neg lx), Gm \therefore \neg lm$ or  $\neg \exists x(Gx \land Ix), Gm : \neg Im$  $\forall x(Gx \supset \neg Ix)$  $\neg \exists x (Gx \land Ix) \checkmark$ Gm Gm ¬¬Im  $\neg \neg Im$  $(\mathsf{Gm} \supset \neg \mathsf{Im}) \checkmark$  $\forall x \neg (Gx \land Ix)$ ¬∃ rule ∀-instant.  $\neg(Gm \land Im) \checkmark$ ∀-instant.  $\neg Gm \neg Im$ ⊃-rule negated conjunction rule \* \* ¬Gm ¬Im \* \*

(d)  $\neg ln : \neg \forall x lx$ 

 $\neg \ln \\ \neg \neg \forall x | x \checkmark \\ \forall x | x \qquad double negation rule \\ ln \qquad \forall-instant. \\ * \end{cases}$ 

(e)  $(Hn \supset \exists x(Ix \land \neg Fx)), \forall x(Ix \supset Fx) \therefore \neg Hn$ 

$$\begin{array}{c} (Hn \supset \exists x(lx \land \neg Fx)) \checkmark \\ \forall x(lx \supset Fx) \\ \neg \neg Hn \\ \checkmark \\ \neg Hn \\ \exists x(lx \land \neg Fx) \checkmark \\ \ast \\ (la \land \neg Fa) \checkmark \\ \exists \text{-instantiation} \\ a \\ \neg Fa \\ (la \supset Fa) \checkmark \\ \forall \text{-instantiation} \\ \neg la \\ Fa \\ \neg \text{-rule} \\ \ast \\ \ast \\ \end{array}$$

Extr	a Credit #1 (Optional).
1.(a)	Some business men are millionares but pay no taxes.
	(Some S are not P).
	Subject: Millionare businessmen. $(Bx \land Mx)$
	Predicate: Things that pay taxes. Tx $\exists x((Bx \land Mx) \land \neg Tx)$
(b)	Any politician will be impeached if he either has broken the law or abuses his powers. (All S are P).
	Subject: Politicians that either break the law or abuse their powers. $(Px \land (Lx \lor Ax))$ Predicate: Things that are impeached. Ix
	$\forall x((Px \land (Lx \lor Ax)) \supset lx) \qquad \text{equivalent to} \qquad \forall x((Lx \lor Ax) \supset (Px \supset lx))$
(c)	Some millionaire businessmen consult a lawyer only if they either have broken the law or are sued. (Some S are P).
	Subject: Millionare businessmen. $(Bx \land Mx)$
	Predicate: Things that consult a lawyer only if they either have broken the law or are sued. $(Cx \supset (Lx \lor Ux))$
	$\exists x((Bx \land Mx) \land (Cx \supset (Lx \lor Ux))) \qquad \text{equivalent to} \qquad \neg \forall x((Bx \land Mx) \supset \neg (Cx \supset (Lx \lor Ux)))$
(d)	Every businessman who pays taxes but doesn't consult a lawyer should have his head examined. (All S are P).
	Subject: Businessmen who pay taxes but don't consult lawyers. $((Bx \land Tx) \land \neg Cx)$
	Predicate: Things that should have their heads examined. Sx $\forall x(((Bx \land Tx) \land \neg Cx) \supset Sx)$
(e)	Some millionare politicians who get sued should have their heads examined only if they are businessmen. (Some S are P).
	Subject: Millionare politicians who get sued. $(Mx \land Px \land Ux)$
	Predicate: Things that should have their heads examined only if they are businessmen. $(Sx \supset Bx)$

edicate: Things that should have then  $\exists x((Mx \land Px \land Ux) \land (Sx \supset Bx))$