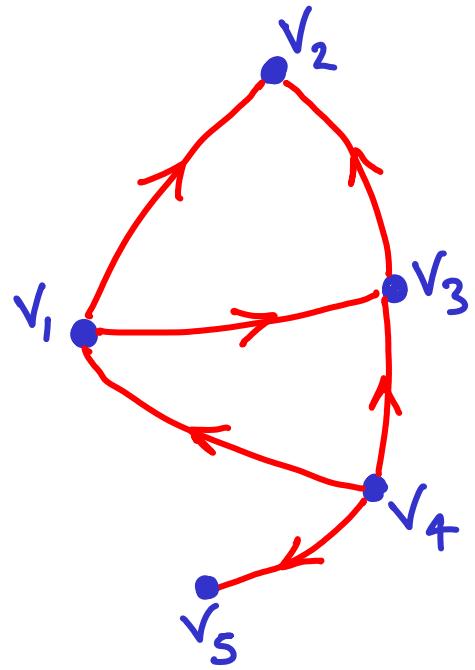
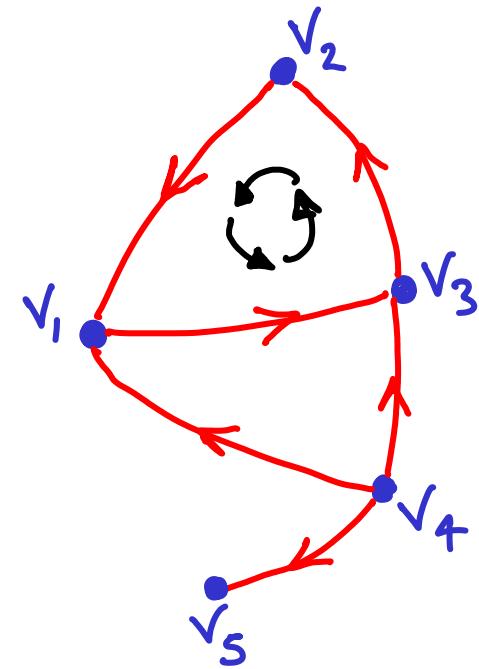


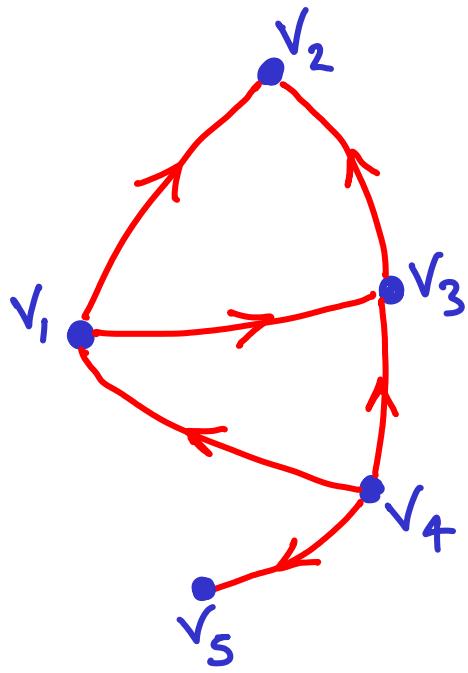
DAG : directed acyclic graph



no (directed) cycles
✓



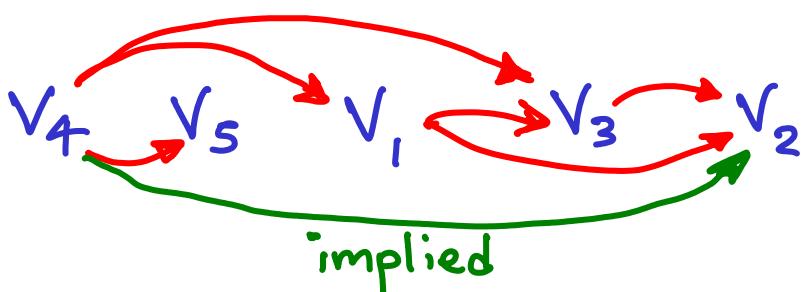
not a DAG
✗

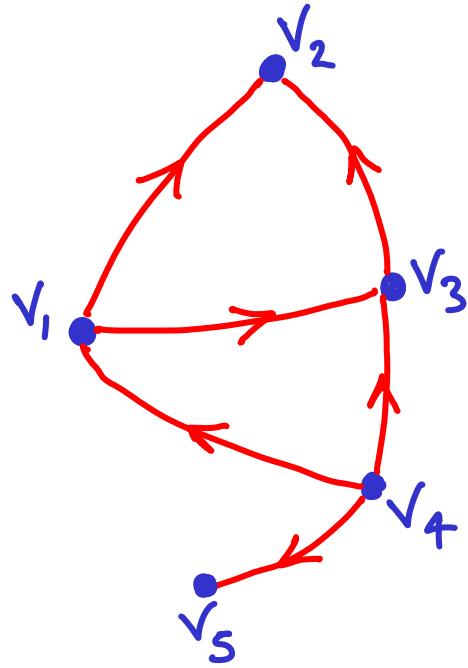


TOPOLOGICAL SORT
(on a DAG)

"Sort" all vertices (place in line)

s.t. all directed edges are \rightarrow

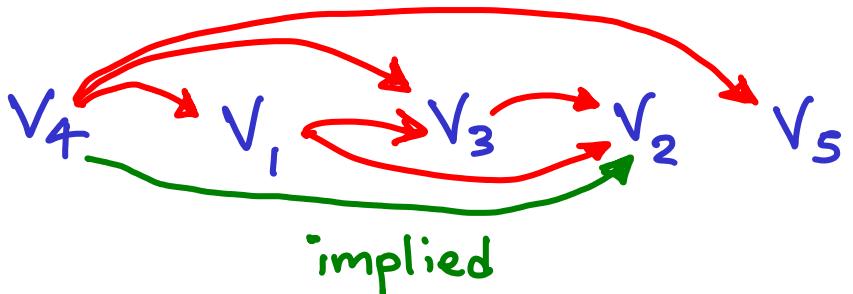


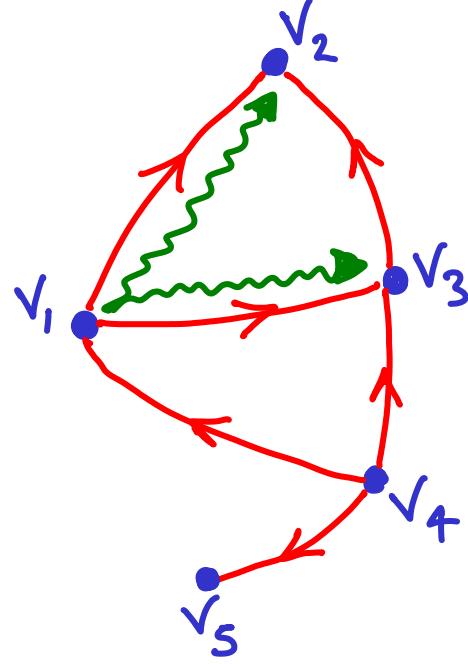


TOPOLOGICAL SORT
(on a DAG)

"Sort" all vertices (place in line)

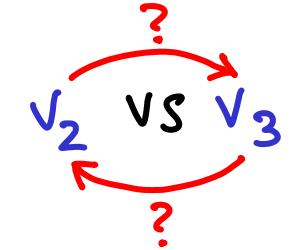
s.t. all directed edges are →





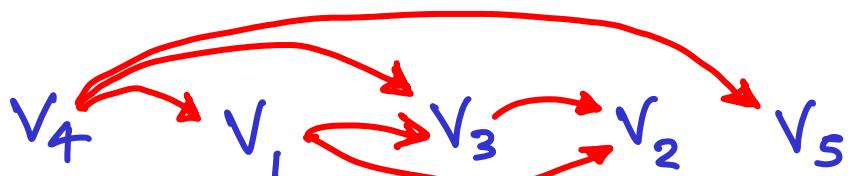
DFS tree from v_1 : $v_1 \rightarrow v_2 \rightarrow v_3$

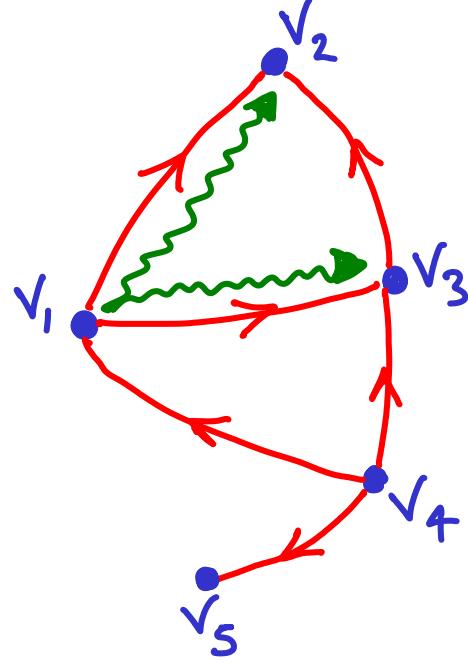
directly gives us some info, but...



TOPOLOGICAL SORT
(on a DAG)

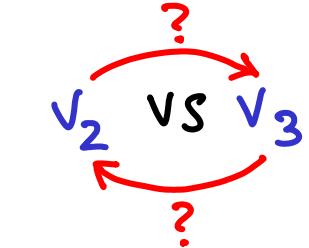
"Sort" all vertices (place in line)
s.t. all directed edges are \rightarrow





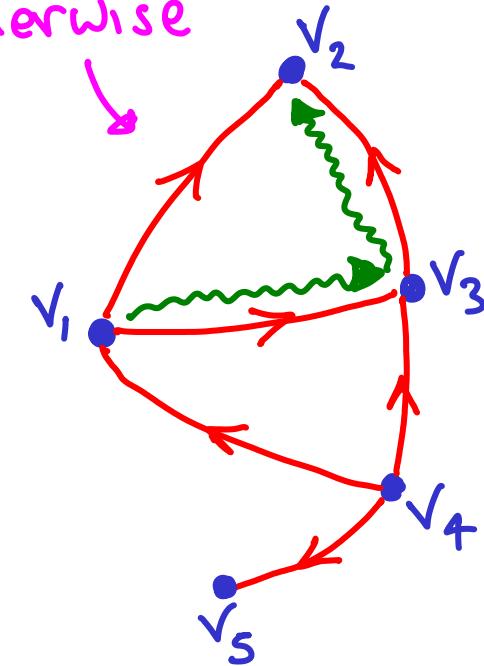
DFS tree from v_1 : $v_1 \rightarrow v_2 \rightarrow v_3$

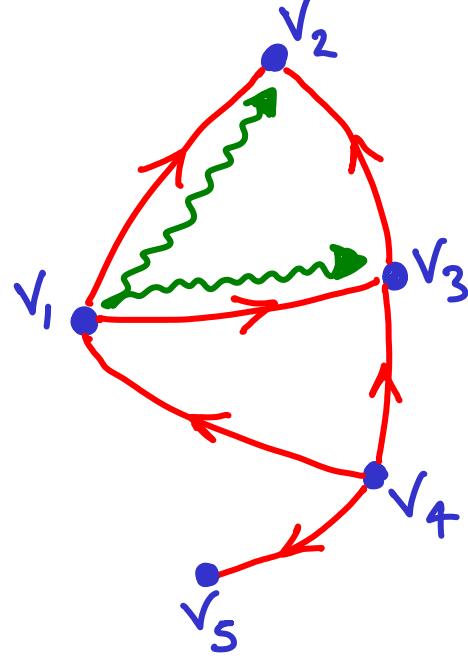
directly gives us some info, but...



notice, we visited v_2 before v_3

Otherwise





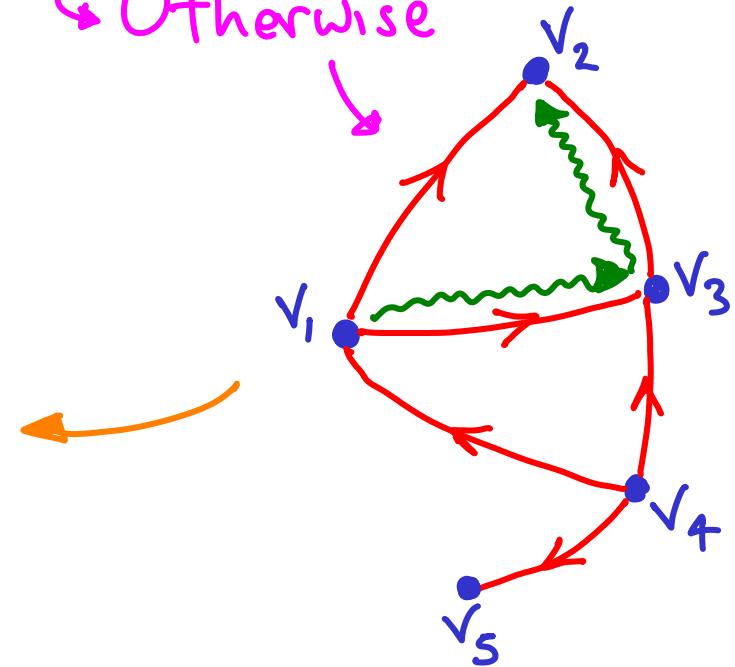
DFS tree from v_1 :

directly gives us some info, but...

v_2 vs v_3 ?

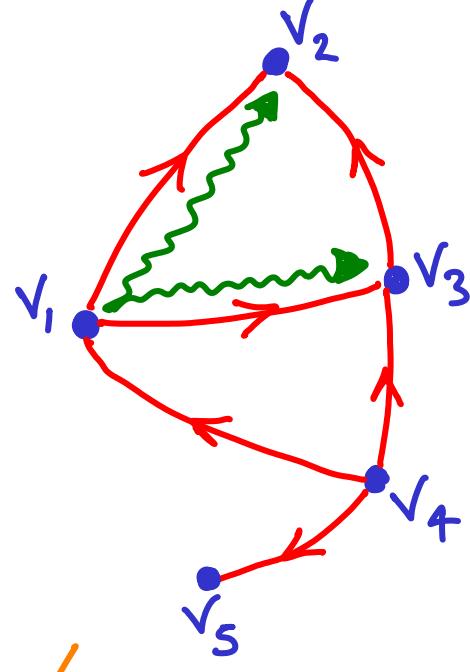
notice, we visited v_2 before v_3

Otherwise



We need this order:





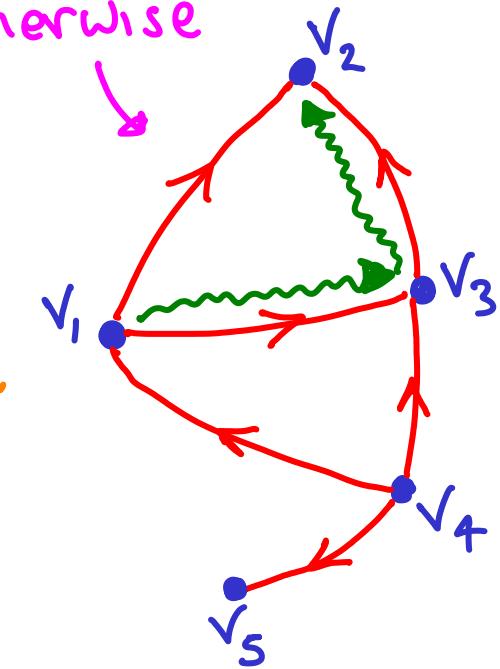
DFS tree from v_1 :

directly gives us some info, but...

v_2 vs v_3 ?

notice, we visited v_2 before v_3

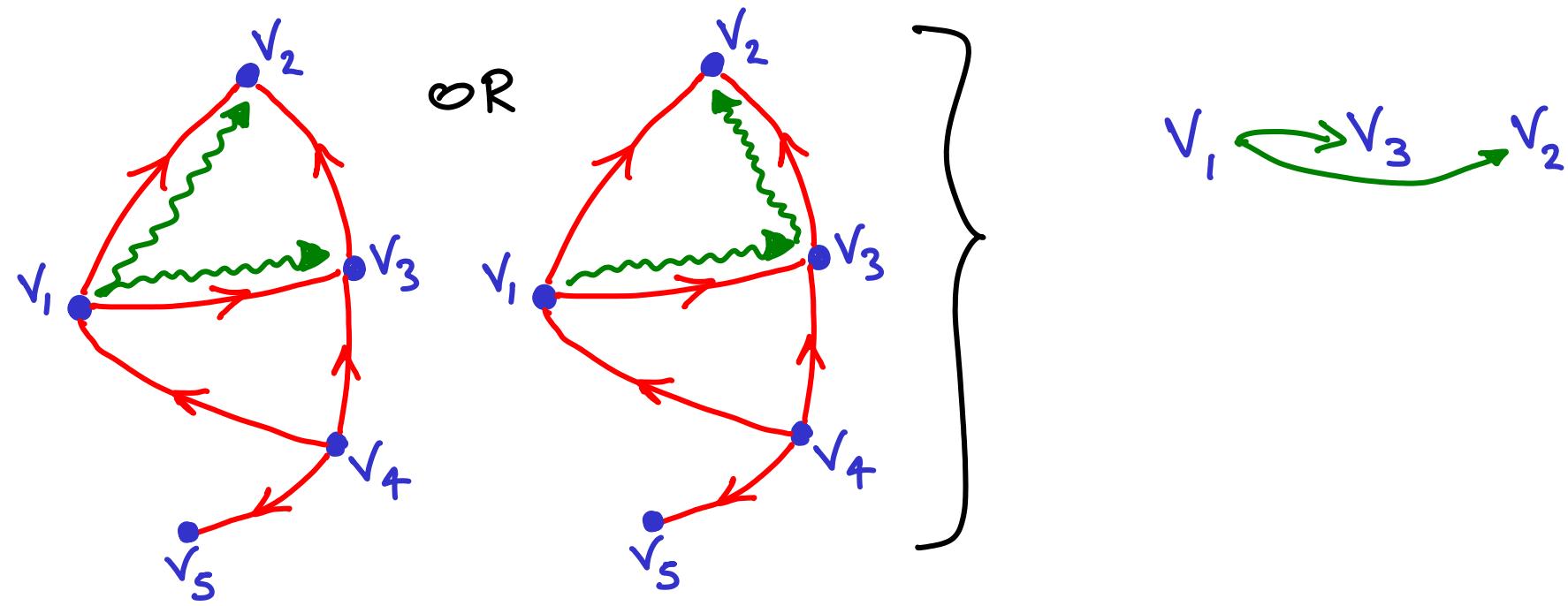
Otherwise

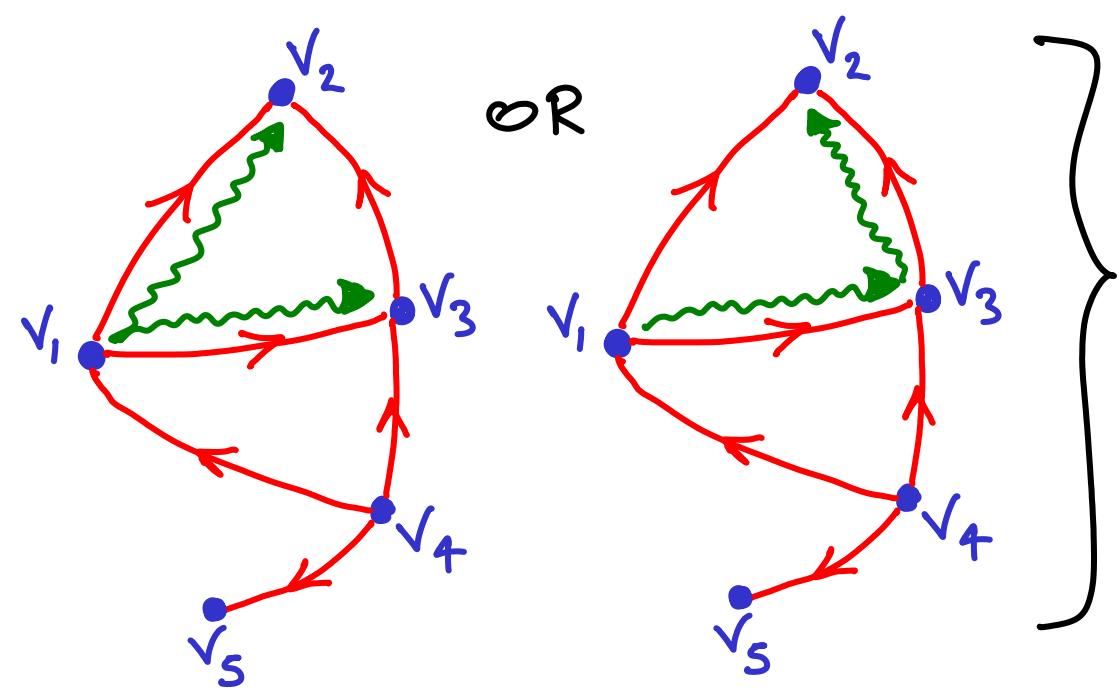


Rule : sort/output by finish time.

v_2 finishes first. Then v_3 . Then v_1

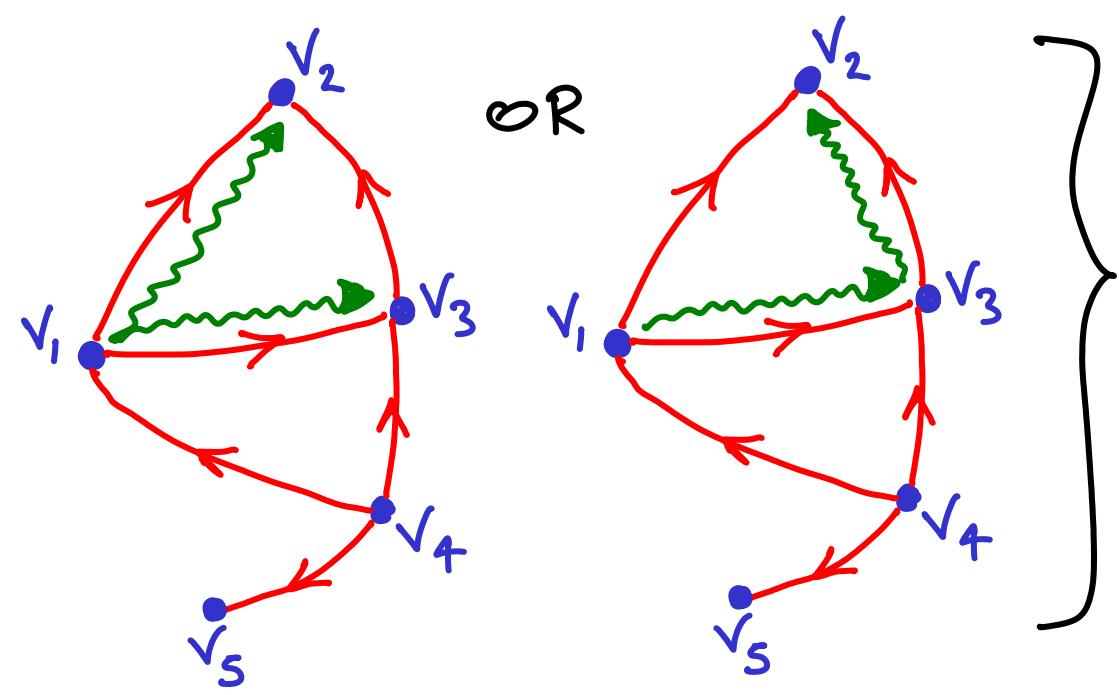
$v_1 \rightarrow v_3 \rightarrow v_2$





Continue DFS : search v_4, v_5

$$v_4 \rightarrow v_5$$

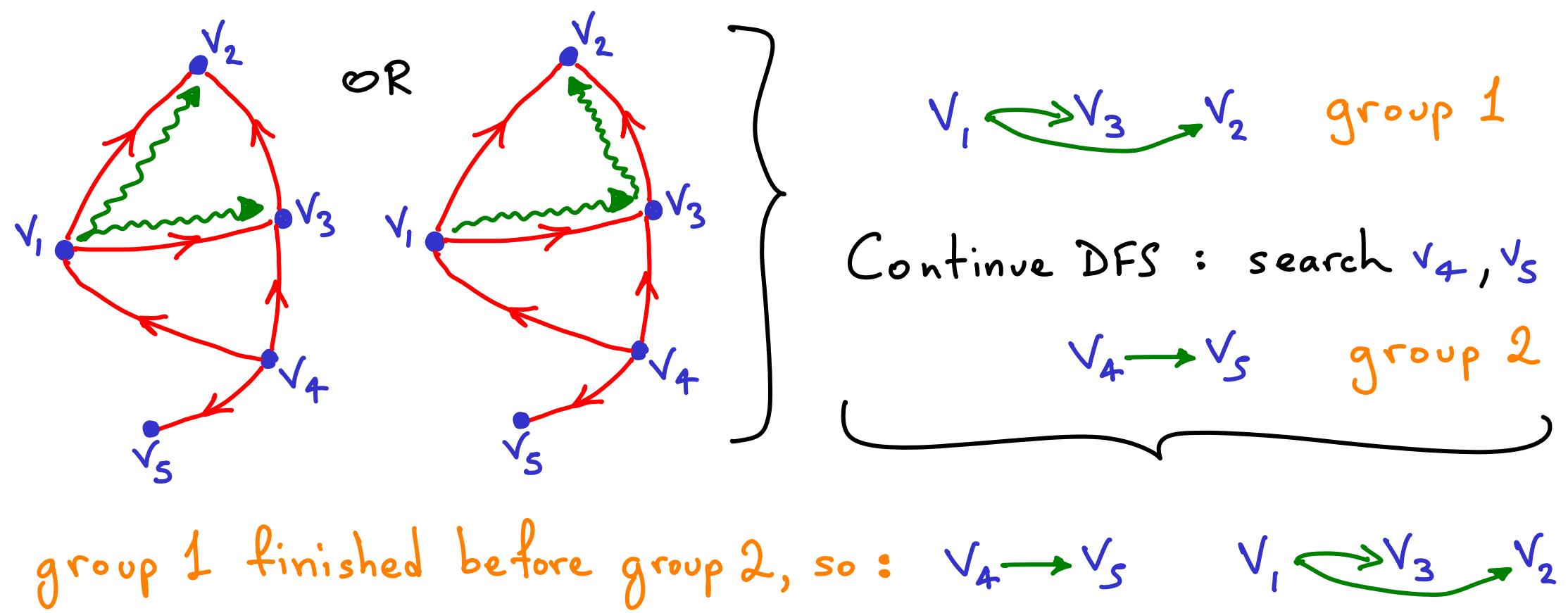


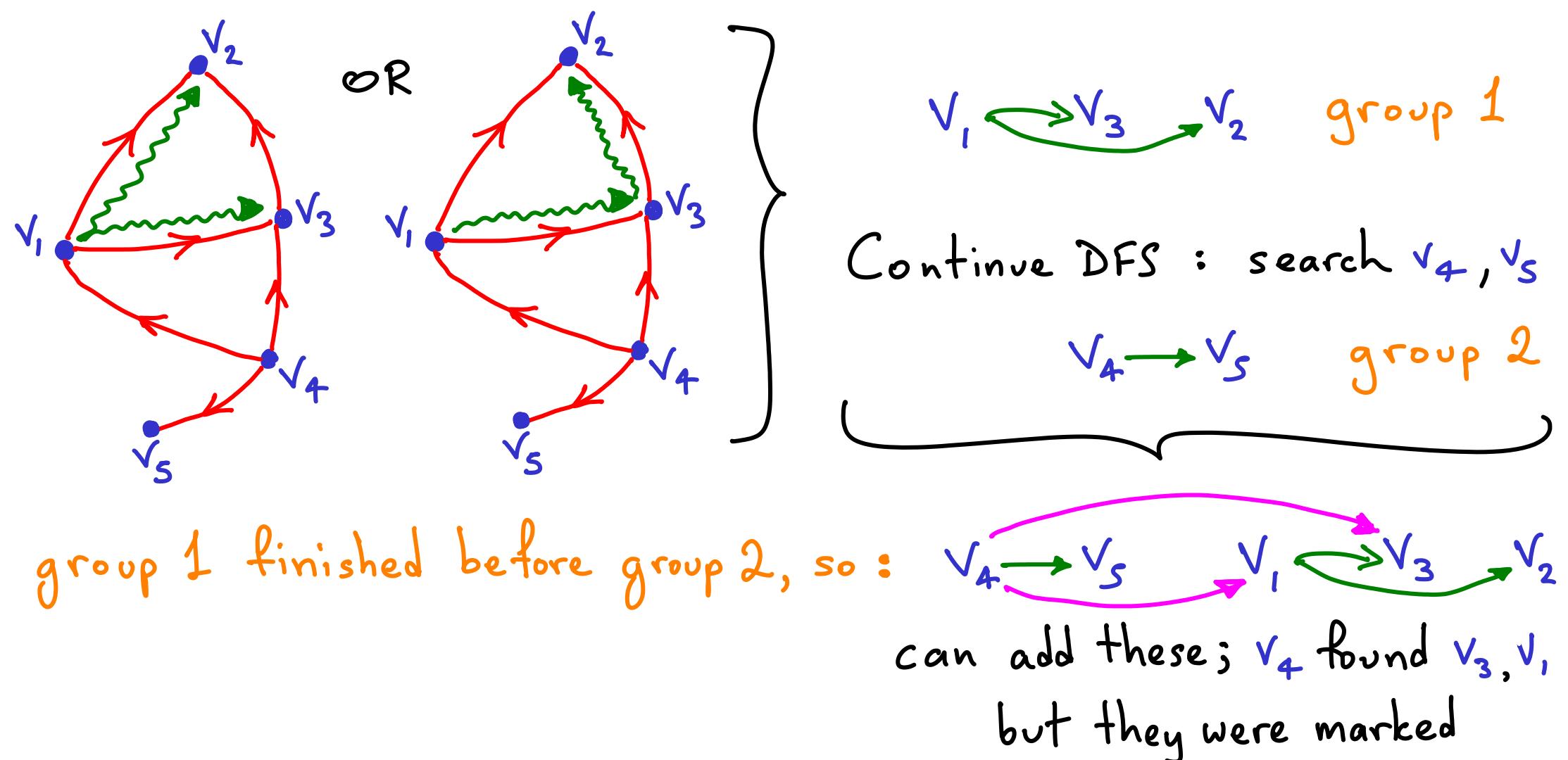
group 1 finished before group 2

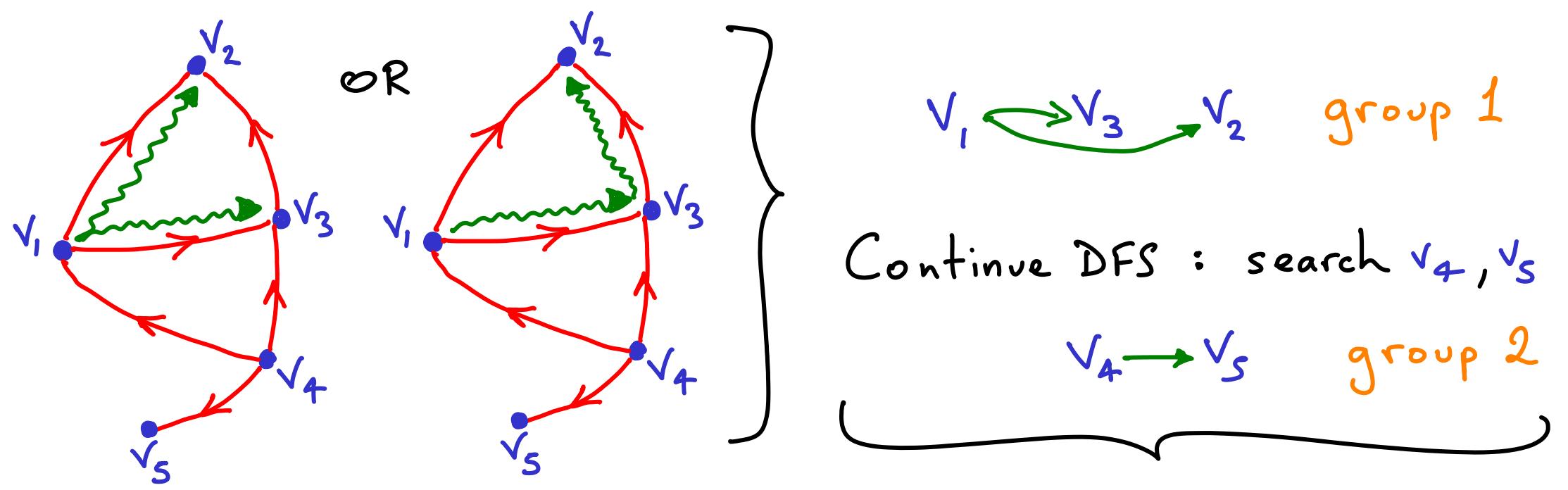
$v_1 \rightarrow v_3 \rightarrow v_2$ group 1

Continue DFS : search v_4, v_5

$v_4 \rightarrow v_5$ group 2







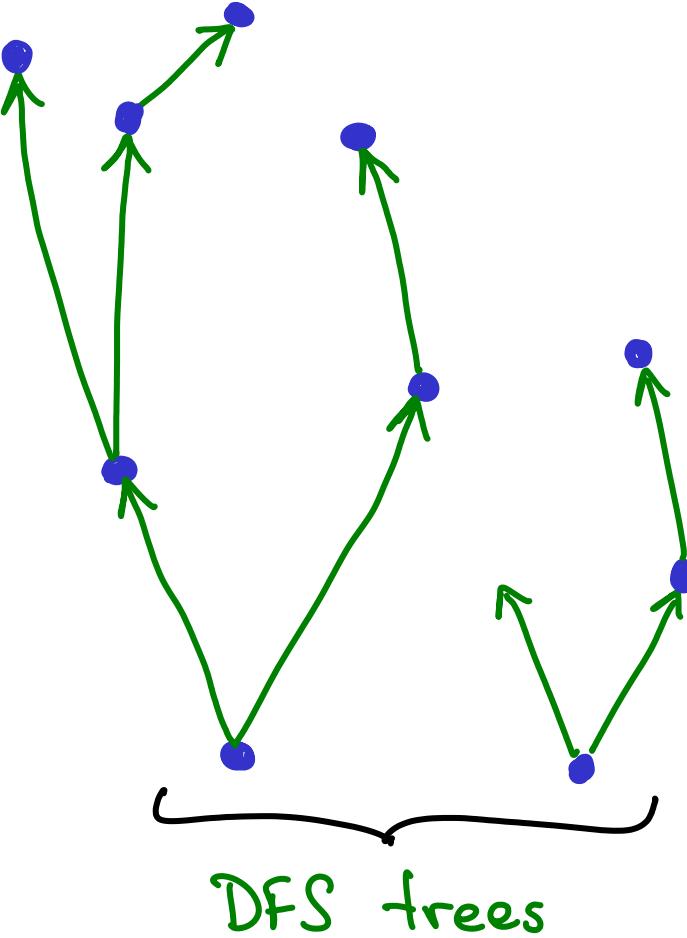
group 1 finished before group 2, so :

We could have had other groups
or DFS trees, but each would
give a valid topological sort

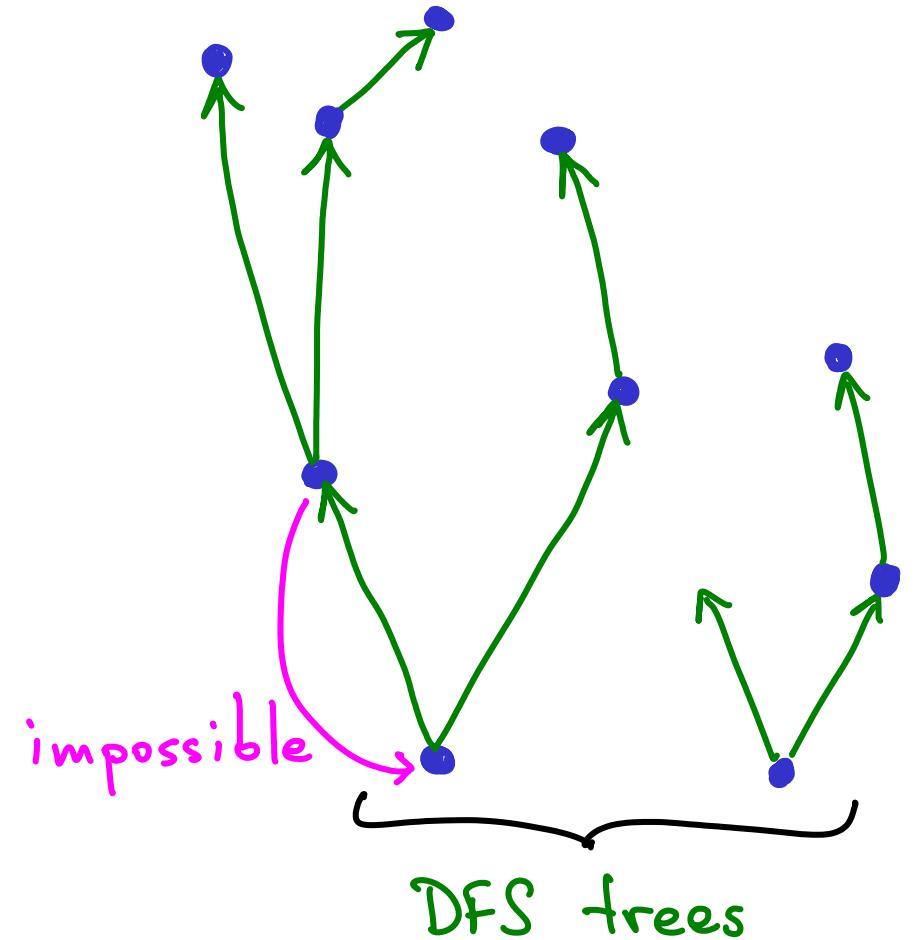
can add these; v_4 found v_3, v_1
but they were marked



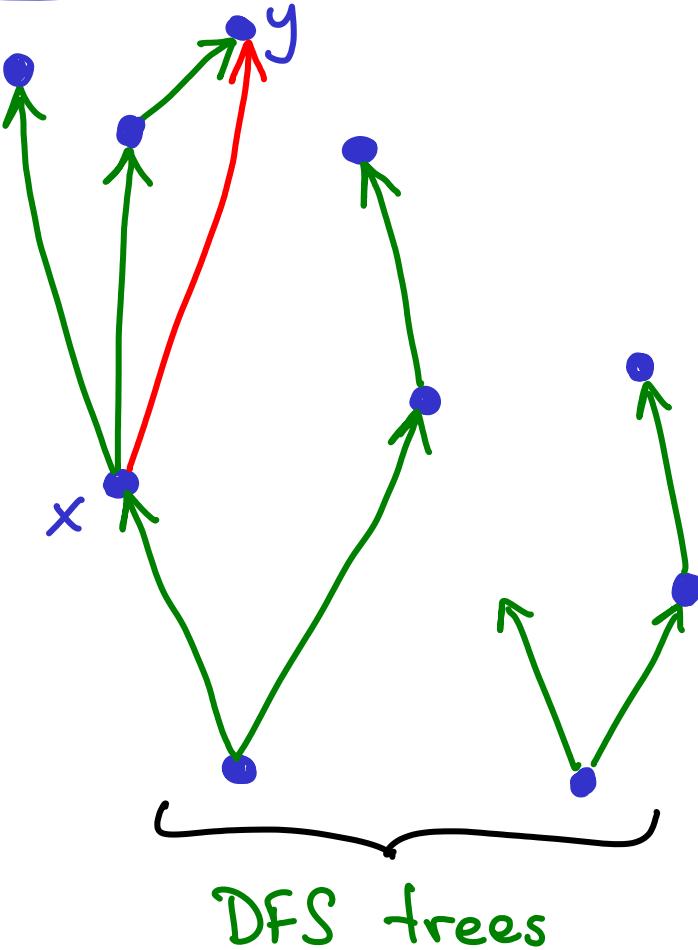
Intuition



Intuition

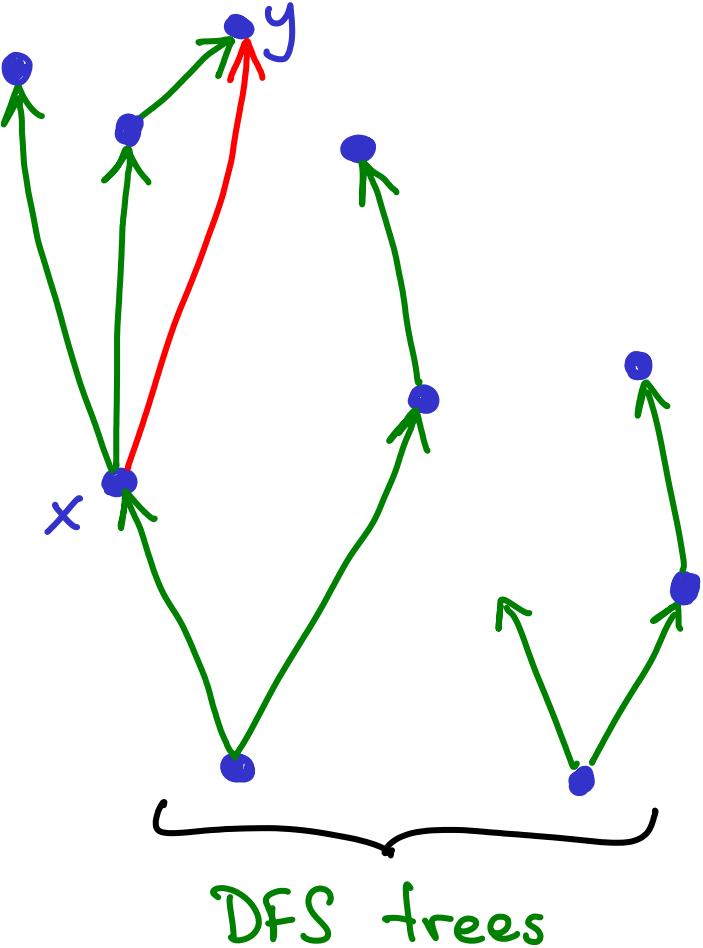


Intuition



If $x \rightarrow y$ is implied in a DFS tree
then y was explored after x .
So y finished first

Intuition

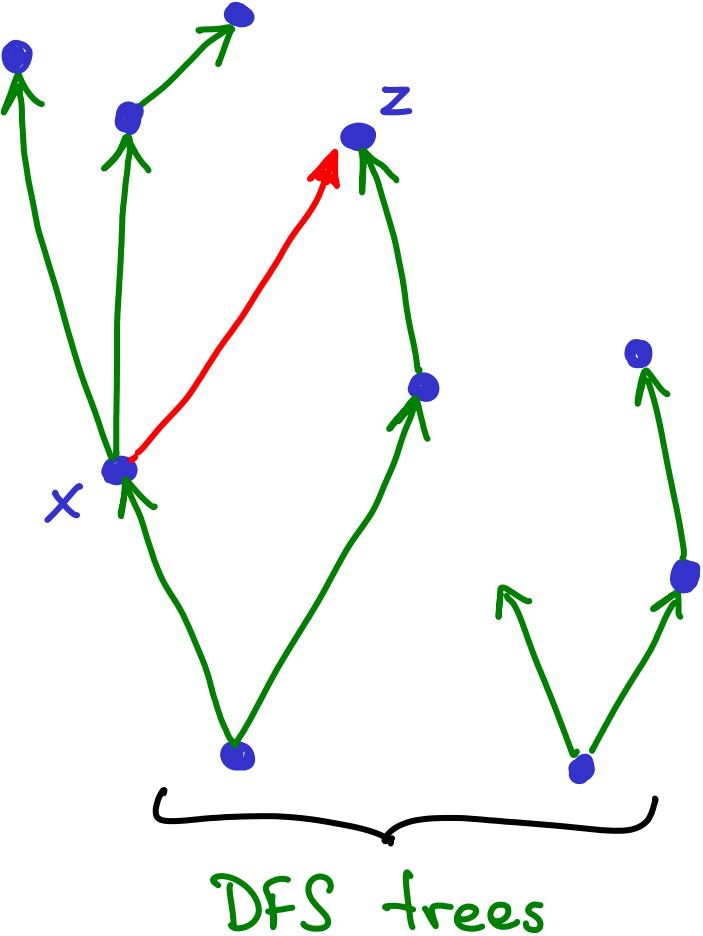


If $x \rightarrow y$ is implied in a DFS tree
then y was explored after x .
So y finished first



we output correctly

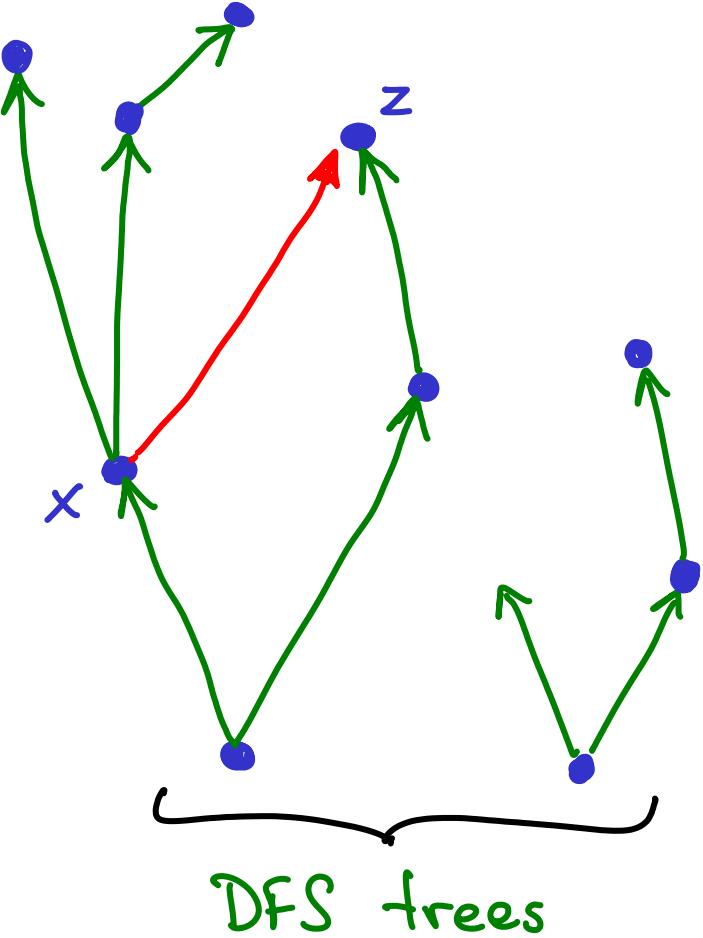
Intuition



If $x \rightarrow y$ is implied in a DFS tree
then y was explored after x .
So y finished first

If $x \rightarrow z$ not in tree & not implied,
then ?

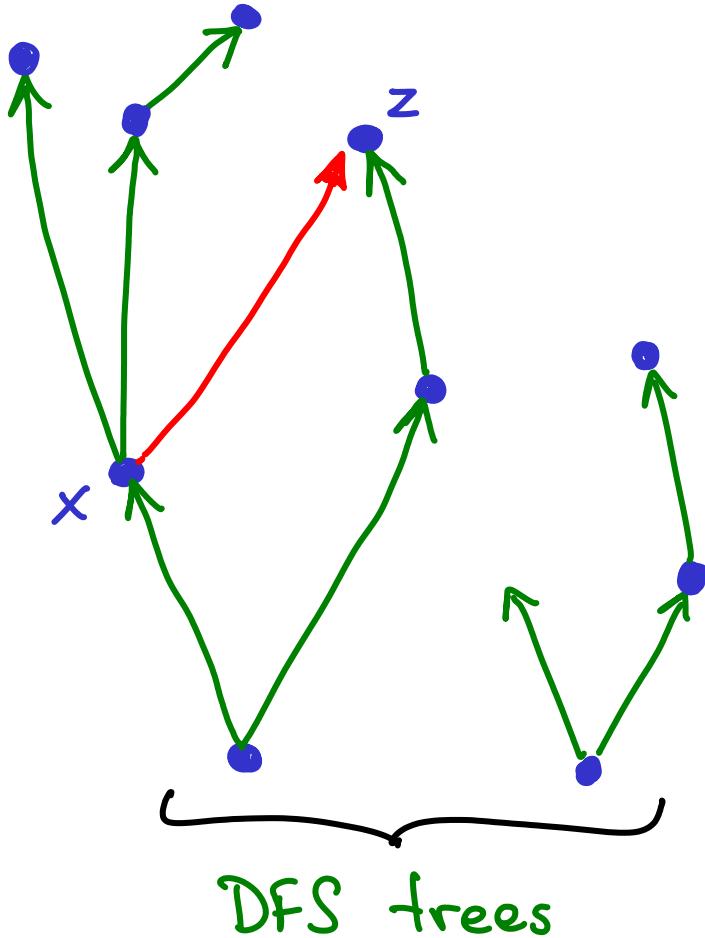
Intuition



If $x \rightarrow y$ is implied in a DFS tree
then y was explored after x .
So y finished first

If $x \rightarrow z$ not in tree & not implied,
then x was explored after z .
(subtree) (subtree)
(otherwise we would have $x \rightarrow z$)
So ?

Intuition



If $x \rightarrow y$ is implied in a DFS tree
then y was explored after x .
So y finished first

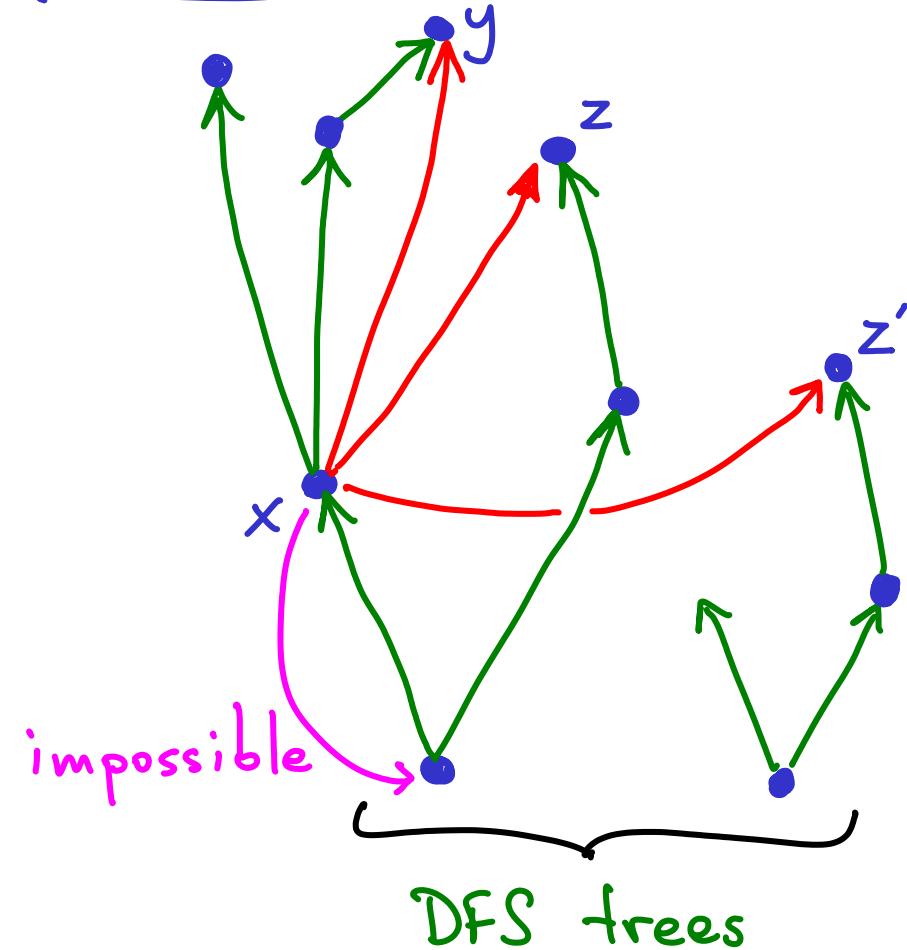
If $x \rightarrow z$ not in tree & not implied,
then x was explored after z .
(subtree) (subtree)

(otherwise we would have $x \rightarrow z$)

So z finished first

we output correctly

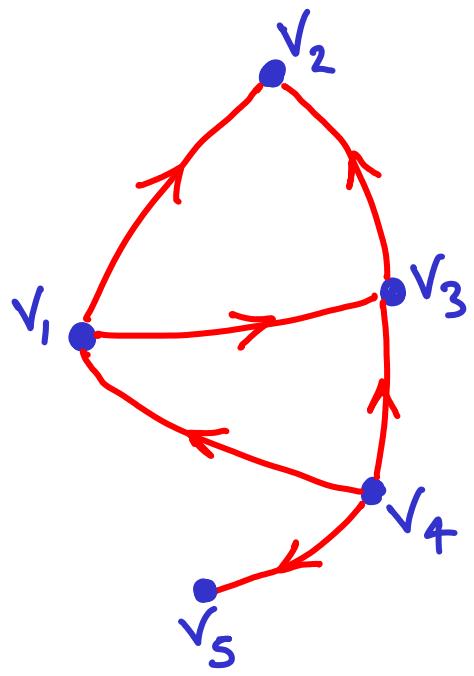
Intuition



If $x \rightarrow y$ is implied in a DFS tree
then y was explored after x .
So y finished first

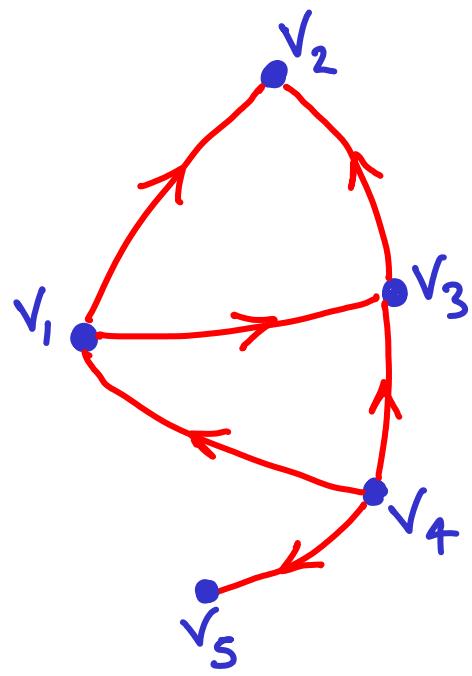
If $x \rightarrow z$ not in tree & not implied,
then x was explored after z .
(otherwise we would have $x \rightarrow z$)
So z finished first

In both cases, we output correctly



SUMMARY

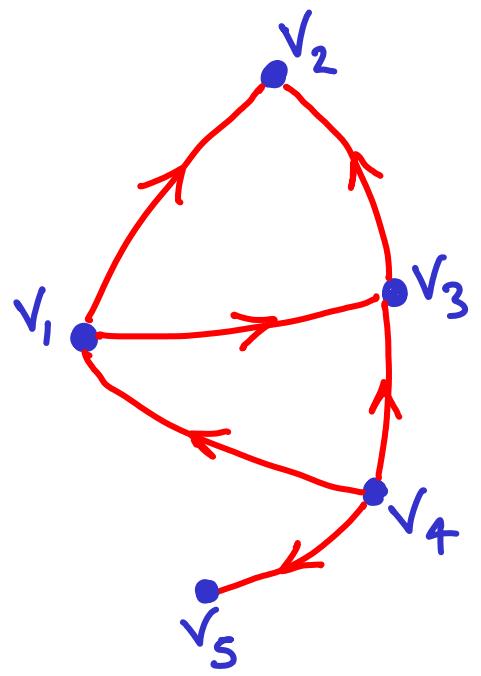
Run DFS in any order.



SUMMARY

Run DFS in any order.

When a vertex v has been processed entirely,
add it to a list.

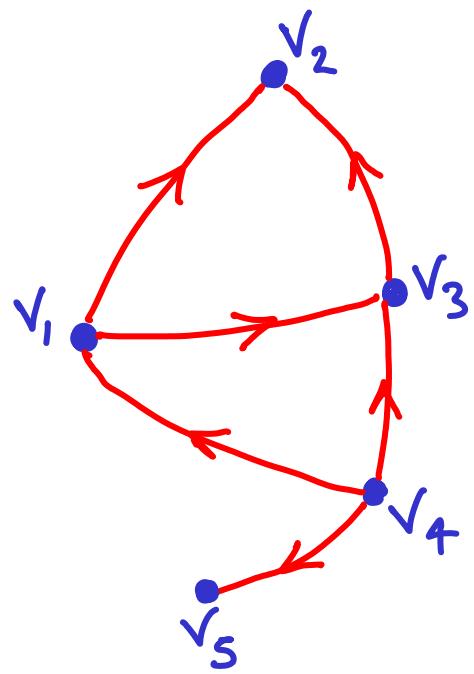


SUMMARY

Run DFS in any order.

When a vertex v has been processed entirely,
add it to a list.

Every vertex reachable from v will be done
before v , so it will already be in the list



SUMMARY

Run DFS in any order.

When a vertex v has been processed entirely,
add it to a list.

Every vertex reachable from v will be done
before v , so it will already be in the list

Similarly, v will be ahead of any vertex
that can reach it.